

### Amendments to the Claims

1. (Original) A thin aqueous cataplasm prepared by laminating an adhesive layer on a support, and said support consisting of a fiber film prepared by heat-fusing a soft plastic resin on a composite fiber prepared by entangling a natural fiber and a soft plastic fiber,  
or said support consisting of a fiber film prepared by heat-fusing a plastic resin having a soft part and a hard part in common on a fiber consisting of a plastic having a soft part and hard part in common.
2. (Original) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 1 wherein the support consists of a fiber film prepared by heat-fusing a soft plastic resin on a composite fiber prepared by entangling a natural fiber and a soft plastic fiber.
3. (Withdrawn) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 1 wherein the support consists of a fiber film prepared by heat-fusing a plastic resin having a soft part and a hard part in common on a fiber consisting of a plastic having a soft part and hard part in common.
4. (Currently amended) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 1 wherein the adhesive layer consists of water, a moisture-retaining agent, polyacrylic acid and/or its salt, a cellulose derivative, a ~~hardly~~ slightly soluble polyvalent metal salt and a pH controlling agent, and its pH is adjusted to 4 to 6.
5. (Previously presented) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 1 wherein weight of the adhesive layer laminated on the support is 150 to 500g/m<sup>2</sup>.
6. (Previously presented) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 1 wherein the support consists of a fiber film prepared by heat-fusing a soft plastic resin selected from polyethylene and ethylene methyl acrylate on a composite fiber prepared by

entangling a natural fiber selected from rayon and cotton, and a soft plastic fiber selected from polyethylene and polypropylene.

7. (Withdrawn) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 1 wherein the support consists of a fiber film prepared by heat-fusing a plastic resin having a soft part and a hard part in common selected from polyamide elastomer and polyester elastomer on a fiber consisting of a plastic having a soft part and hard part in common selected from polyamide elastomer and polyester elastomer.

8. (Currently amended) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 1 wherein the adhesive layer consists of ~~water (20 to 60w/w%); a moisture-retaining agent (25 to 55w/w%);~~ 20 to 60w/w% water; 25 to 55w/w% of a moisture-retaining agent selected from glycerin, 1,3-butyleneglycol and propyleneglycol; polyacrylic acid and/or its salt (5 to 20w/w%); a cellulose derivative (2 to 15%); 5 to 20w/w% polyacrylic acid and/or its salt; 2 to 15w/w% of a cellulose derivative selected from carboxymethyl cellulose sodium, hydroxypropyl cellulose and hydroxymethyl cellulose; a hardly-soluble polyvalent metal salt (0.015 to 3.5w/w%); 0.015 to 3.5w/w% of a slightly soluble polyvalent metal salt selected from dihydroxy aluminum aminoacetate, magnesium alminomethasilicate, aluminum hydroxide and synthetic hydrotalcite; and a pH controlling agent (0.25 to 3.5w/w%); 0.25 to 3.5w/w% of a pH controlling agent.

9. (Currently amended) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 2 wherein the adhesive layer consists of water, a moisture-retaining agent, polyacrylic acid and/or its salt, a cellulose derivative, a ~~hardly-~~ slightly soluble polyvalent metal salt and a pH controlling agent, and its pH is adjusted to 4 to 6.

10. (Withdrawn) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 3 wherein the adhesive layer consists of water, a moisture-retaining agent, polyacrylic acid and/or its salt, a cellulose derivative, a hardly soluble polyvalent metal salt and a pH controlling agent, and its pH is adjusted to 4 to 6.

11. (Previously presented) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 2 wherein weight of the adhesive layer laminated on the support is 150 to 500g/m<sup>2</sup>.
12. (Withdrawn) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 3 wherein weight of the adhesive layer laminated on the support is 150 to 500g/m<sup>2</sup>.
13. (Previously presented) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 4 wherein weight of the adhesive layer laminated on the support is 150 to 500g/m<sup>2</sup>.
14. (Previously presented) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 2 wherein the support consists of a fiber film prepared by heat-fusing a soft plastic resin selected from polyethylene and ethylene methyl acrylate on a composite fiber prepared by entangling a natural fiber selected from rayon and cotton, and a soft plastic fiber selected from polyethylene and polypropylene.
15. (Previously presented) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 4 wherein the support consists of a fiber film prepared by heat-fusing a soft plastic resin selected from polyethylene and ethylene methyl acrylate on a composite fiber prepared by entangling a natural fiber selected from rayon and cotton, and a soft plastic fiber selected from polyethylene and polypropylene.
16. (Previously presented) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 5 wherein the support consists of a fiber film prepared by heat-fusing a soft plastic resin selected from polyethylene and ethylene methyl acrylate on a composite fiber prepared by entangling a natural fiber selected from rayon and cotton, and a soft plastic fiber selected from polyethylene and polypropylene.
17. (Withdrawn) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 3 wherein the support consists of a fiber film prepared by heat-fusing a plastic resin having a soft part and a hard part in common selected from polyamide elastomer and polyester elastomer on a

fiber consisting of a plastic having a soft part and hard part in common selected from polyamide elastomer and polyester elastomer.

18. (Withdrawn) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 5 wherein the support consists of a fiber film prepared by heat-fusing a plastic resin having a soft part and a hard part in common selected from polyamide elastomer and polyester elastomer on a fiber consisting of a plastic having a soft part and hard part in common selected from polyamide elastomer and polyester elastomer.

19. (Currently amended) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 2 wherein the adhesive layer consists of ~~water (20 to 60w/w%); a moisture-retaining agent (25 to 55w/w%);~~ 20 to 60w/w% water; 25 to 55w/w% of a moisture-retaining agent selected from glycerin, 1,3-butyleneglycol and propyleneglycol; polyacrylic acid and/or its salt (5 to 20w/w%); a cellulose derivative (2 to 15%); 5 to 20w/w% polyacrylic acid and/or its salt; 2 to 15w/w% of a cellulose derivative selected from carboxymethyl cellulose sodium, hydroxypropyl cellulose and hydroxymethyl cellulose; a hardly soluble polyvalent metal salt (0.015 to 3.5w/w%); 0.015 to 3.5w/w% of a slightly soluble polyvalent metal salt selected from dihydroxy aluminum aminoacetate, magnesium alminomethasilicate, aluminum hydroxide and synthetic hydrotalcite; and a pH controlling agent (0.25 to 3.5w/w%); 0.25 to 3.5w/w% of a pH controlling agent.

20. (Withdrawn) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 3 wherein the adhesive layer consists of water (20 to 60w/w%); a moisture-retaining agent (25 to 55w/w%) selected from glycerin, 1,3-butyleneglycol and propyleneglycol; polyacrylic acid and/or its salt (5 to 20w/w%); a cellulose derivative (2 to 15%) selected from carboxymethyl cellulose sodium, hydroxypropyl cellulose and hydroxymethyl cellulose; a hardly soluble polyvalent metal salt (0.015 to 3.5w/w%) selected from dihydroxy aluminum aminoacetate, magnesium alminomethasilicate, aluminum hydroxide and synthetic hydrotalcite; and a pH controlling agent (0.25 to 3.5w/w%).

21. (Currently amended) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 4 wherein the adhesive layer consists of ~~water (20 to 60w/w%); a moisture-retaining agent (25 to 55w/w%);~~ 20 to 60w/w% water; 25 to 55w/w% of a moisture-retaining agent selected from glycerin, 1,3-buteneglycol and propyleneglycol; polyacrylic acid and/or its salt (5 to 20w/w%); a cellulose derivative (2 to 15%); 5 to 20w/w% polyacrylic acid and/or its salt; 2 to 15w/w% of a cellulose derivative selected from carboxymethyl cellulose sodium, hydroxypropyl cellulose and hydroxymethyl cellulose; a hardly-soluble polyvalent metal salt (0.015 to 3.5w/w%); 0.015 to 3.5w/w% of a slightly soluble polyvalent metal salt selected from dihydroxy aluminum aminoacetate, magnesium alminomethasilicate, aluminum hydroxide and synthetic hydrotalcite; and a pH controlling agent (0.25 to 3.5w/w%); 0.25 to 3.5w/w% of a pH controlling agent.

22. (Currently amended) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 5 wherein the adhesive layer consists of ~~water (20 to 60w/w%); a moisture-retaining agent (25 to 55w/w%);~~ 20 to 60w/w% water; 25 to 55w/w% of a moisture-retaining agent selected from glycerin, 1,3-buteneglycol and propyleneglycol; polyacrylic acid and/or its salt (5 to 20w/w%); a cellulose derivative (2 to 15%); 5 to 20w/w% polyacrylic acid and/or its salt; 2 to 15w/w% of a cellulose derivative selected from carboxymethyl cellulose sodium, hydroxypropyl cellulose and hydroxymethyl cellulose; a hardly-soluble polyvalent metal salt (0.015 to 3.5w/w%); 0.015 to 3.5w/w% of a slightly soluble polyvalent metal salt selected from dihydroxy aluminum aminoacetate, magnesium alminomethasilicate, aluminum hydroxide and synthetic hydrotalcite; and a pH controlling agent (0.25 to 3.5w/w%); 0.25 to 3.5w/w% of a pH controlling agent.

23. (Currently amended) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 6 wherein the adhesive layer consists of ~~water (20 to 60w/w%); a moisture-retaining agent (25 to 55w/w%);~~ 20 to 60w/w% water; 25 to 55w/w% of a moisture-retaining agent selected from glycerin, 1,3-buteneglycol and propyleneglycol; polyacrylic acid and/or its salt (5 to 20w/w%); a cellulose derivative (2 to 15%); 5 to 20w/w% polyacrylic acid and/or its salt; 2 to 15w/w% of a cellulose derivative selected from carboxymethyl cellulose sodium, hydroxypropyl cellulose and hydroxymethyl cellulose; a hardly-soluble

~~polyvalent metal salt (0.015 to 3.5w/w%)~~ 0.015 to 3.5w/w% of a slightly soluble polyvalent metal salt selected from dihydroxy aluminum aminoacetate, magnesium aluminomethasilicate, aluminum hydroxide and synthetic hydrotalcite; and ~~a pH controlling agent (0.25 to 3.5w/w%)~~ 0.25 to 3.5w/w% of a pH controlling agent.

24. (Withdrawn) The thin aqueous cataplasm claimed in claim 7 wherein the adhesive layer consists of water (20 to 60w/w%); a moisture-retaining agent (25 to 55w/w%) selected from glycerin, 1,3-butyleneglycol and propyleneglycol; polyacrylic acid and/or its salt (5 to 20w/w%); a cellulose derivative (2 to 15%) selected from carboxymethyl cellulose sodium, hydroxypropyl cellulose and hydroxymethyl cellulose; a hardly soluble polyvalent metal salt (0.015 to 3.5w/w%) selected from dihydroxy aluminum aminoacetate, magnesium aluminomethasilicate, aluminum hydroxide and synthetic hydrotalcite; and a pH controlling agent (0.25 to 3.5w/w%).